

# Was **Jesus** a **Christian** or a **Muslim**?

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## **Preface**

You may ask yourself the following questions:

- 1- Am I a true follower of Jesus Christ?
- 2- Am I really looking for truth, or am I truth's enemy?
- 3- Was Jesus Christ a Christian or a Muslim?

I have attempted to provide consolidated information from resourceful books and web sites and arrange them in summarized comparative tables in a straight forward manner.

I appeal to the reader to examine this book with an unbiased mind and open heart to the truth because this is the only way that may lead to the right decision that shapes one's life in this world and the world to come.

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## Introduction


<p><b>Christ</b> is derived from the ancient Greek: Χριστός, <i>Khristós</i>, meaning 'anointed', which is a translation of the Hebrew מָשִׁיחַ (Māšîaḥ), the Messiah, and is used as a title for Jesus.</p>	<p><b>Islam</b> means Complete and Perfect Peaceful Submission to the Will of Almighty God.</p>
<p>The word "<b>Christian</b>" simply means "A Follower of Christ" or "<b>Christ-ian</b>".</p>	<p>The word "<b>Muslim</b>" simply means a person who Submits his Will to Almighty God.</p>

Jesus May Allah's Peace and Blessings be Upon Him (PBUH) said:

<p>"Think not that I am come to destroy the law, or the prophets: I am not come to destroy, but to <u>fulfill</u>. For verily I say unto you, Till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall in no wise pass from the law, till all be <u>fulfilled</u>." (Matthew 5:17-18).</p>	<p>"He said to them, "This is what I told you while I was still with you: Everything must be <u>fulfilled</u> that is written about me in the Law of Moses, the Prophets and the Psalms." (Luke 24:44).</p>
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Jesus (PBUH) did not have the authority to abrogate the law. He (PBUH) only had the authority to fulfill, reaffirm, clarify and apply it to new or specific situations.




<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<p><b>1- PURITY</b></p> <p><b>Ablution Before the Prayer</b></p> 	<p>Moses (PBUH) and Aaron (PBUH) made ablution <u>before</u> prayer, they washed their <u>hands</u> and <u>feet</u> whenever they entered the Tent of Meeting or approached altar for prayer. This was a <u>Divine command</u>: (Exodus 40:31-32). David (PBUH): (Psalm 26:6), (2 Samuel 12:20).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) did not oppose ablution <u>before</u> prayer. It was mentioned in (James 4:8) "Come near to God and He will come near to you. <u>Wash</u> your <u>hands</u>, you sinners, <u>and</u> purify your hearts,....".</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law, because it was a <u>Divine command</u>.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Christians do <u>not</u> make ablution <u>before</u> praying in their Churches.</p> <p>Christians do not wash their <u>hands</u> and <u>feet</u> <u>before</u> they pray as commanded by Almighty God.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims make ablution <u>before</u> praying in their Mosques, Muslims wash their <u>hands</u>, <u>feet</u>, <u>face</u> ...etc. The Noble Qur'an (5:6).</p> <p>Uthman ibn Affan (may Allah be pleased with him) stated that the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH), said, He who performed ablution well, his sins would come out from his body, even coming out from under his nails. (Sahih Muslim).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p>2- Putting off the shoes before Praying</p> 	<p>Moses (PBUH) received the <u>Divine command</u> to put off his sandals (shoes) <u>before</u> entering and praying on the holy ground: (Exodus 3:5) and (Acts 7:33).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law because it was a <u>Divine command</u>.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Christians do not put off their shoes <u>before</u> entering and praying in their Churches.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims put off their shoes <u>before</u> entering and praying in their Mosque.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an (20:11-12).</p>



Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓



<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>3- Precise times for daily prayer</b>  	<p>The Biblical times of prayer are: Evening, morning, and at noon: (<b>Psalm 55:17</b>), even several prayers can be situated within these <u>three</u> times, It was stated in (<b>Psalm 119:164</b>) `Seven times a day do I praise you, ...'. The early morning <u>dawn</u> prayer was mentioned in the Aramaic Bible in Plain English: (<b>Psalms 5:3</b>), <u>before dawn</u> prayer: (<b>Psalms 119:147</b>). Prayer at midnight: (<b>Psalms 119:62</b>).</p> <p>There are <u>precise times</u> for prayer: (<b>Psalm 32:6</b>), (<b>Psalm 69:13</b>). It was obviously unacceptable, according to David (PBUH), to neglect the proper <u>times</u> of prayer.</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law.</p>

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Many Christians observe a more informal pattern of morning and evening prayers, blessing or prayer before meals, this type of informality <u>lacks</u> the <u>precision</u> and <u>repetition</u>.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims must <u>regularly</u> pray <u>five</u> times a day at <u>precise times</u>, each prayer requires about five to 10 minutes. These five prayers occur at precise times:  1 dawn, 2 afternoon, 3 later afternoon, 4 following sunset, 5 night. There are also other optional prayers.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an: (20:132), (7:205), (33:42), (48:9), (76:25), (24:58), (52:49), (17:78), (11:114), (20:130).</p>


Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>4- Prayer toward a particular direction</b>  Jerusalem   (Ka'bah) in Mecca 	<p>David (PBUH) worshiped Almighty God toward the direction of the holy temple: (Psalm 5:7), (Psalm 138:2), according to Gill's Exposition of the Entire Bible "<u>Not</u> the temple at Jerusalem, which was <u>not yet built</u>... but rather the <u>tabernacle of Moses</u>, in which was the ark.", however the tabernacle of Moses was <u>not</u> a holy temple!, then the question is: <u>what was the other holy temple that David (PBUH) prayed toward its direction?!</u></p> <p>Solomon (PBUH) prayed toward the direction of the holy temple in Jerusalem: (2 Chronicles 6:21), Daniel (PBUH): (Daniel 6:10), Jonah (PBUH) : (Jonah 2:7).</p> <p>At the time of Jesus (PBUH), the direction of prayer was toward Jerusalem: (John 4:20-21). Jesus (PBUH) said that the true worshipers will worship God in "spirit and truth": (John 4:23-24), which means "they will be <u>sincere</u> in their worship", it does not mean that they will worship God in <u>any</u> direction. Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed the earlier prophets and prayed toward the direction of the holy temple.</p>

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Early churches were built so that the direction of the assembly faced <u>East</u>, as a symbol of Christ (the rising sun). It was also common to pray facing Jerusalem.</p> <p>Later Christians prayed in <u>any</u> direction.</p> <p>Christians do not follow Jesus (PBUH) and do not pray toward a particular direction.</p>	<p>The early Muslims prayed toward the direction of <u>Jerusalem</u> for a short time, then Almighty God (Allah) instructed the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) to change the direction of prayer and pray toward the direction of the holy mosque (Ka'bah) in Mecca (Makkah).</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an: (2:144).</p>


<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>



<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>5- Prostration with the forehead on the earth</b> 	<p>The earlier Prophets and their followers prostrated in prayer, they bowed with their faces touching the ground, Abraham (PBUH): (<a href="#">Genesis 17:3</a>), (<a href="#">Genesis 17:17</a>), Moses (PBUH) and Aaron (PBUH): (<a href="#">Exodus 34:8</a>), (<a href="#">Numbers 16:22</a>), (<a href="#">Numbers 20:6</a>), Joshua (PBUH): (<a href="#">Joshua 5:14</a>), (<a href="#">Joshua 7:6</a>), Elijah (PBUH): (<a href="#">1 Kings 18:42</a>), David (PBUH): (<a href="#">Psalm 22:29</a>), (<a href="#">1 Samuel 20:41</a>), after Solomon (PBUH) finished prayer: (<a href="#">2 chronicles 7:3</a>), during the prayer of Ezra (PBUH): (<a href="#">Nehemiah 8:6</a>), the Holy Angels: (<a href="#">Revelation 7:11</a>).</p> <p>Jesus Christ (PBUH) never invited people to worship him instead of God, or as God, or as son of God. This law was stated very clearly in (<a href="#">Numbers 23:19</a>): "God is <u>not a man</u>, that he should <u>lie</u>; <u>neither the son of man</u>, that he should <u>repent...</u>". God is <u>not</u> a man: (<a href="#">1 Samuel 15:29</a>), (<a href="#">Hosea 11:9</a>). Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law, and bowed with his face touching the ground and prayed to Almighty God: (<a href="#">Matthew 26:39</a>), (<a href="#">Mark 14:35</a>), the disciples of Jesus (PBUH) did the same: (<a href="#">Matthew 17:6</a>).</p>


<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Christians kneel down in front of the cross, clasping their hands in prayer, they perform the sign of the cross by tracing a large cross from forehead to chest and then shoulder to shoulder, this performance can't be ascribed to Jesus (PBUH). Christians do not bow with their faces touching the ground, they do not prostrate with their foreheads on the earth. Christians do not follow the same worshiping way of Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims prostrate in prayer, they bow with their faces touching the ground during their daily prayers. The Noble Qur'an: (<a href="#">22:77</a>), (<a href="#">7:206</a>), (<a href="#">13:15</a>), (<a href="#">17:109</a>), (<a href="#">19:058</a>), (<a href="#">25:060</a>), (<a href="#">96:019</a>), (<a href="#">32:015</a>), (<a href="#">38:024</a>), (<a href="#">53:062</a>), (<a href="#">76:026</a>), (<a href="#">10:9-10</a>).</p>

<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>6- Spreading up the hands after prayer</b> 	Solomon (PBUH) spread up his hands <u>after</u> prayer and praised Almighty God and asked His blessings: (1 Kings 8:54).  Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this practice.

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
Christians do not spread up their hands <u>after</u> prayer. Christians do not follow the practice <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).	Muslims spread up their hands <u>after</u> prayer (make Dua'a), they praise Almighty God, ask His forgiveness and seek His blessings. The Noble Qur'an: (2:255, 286), (25: 74).

<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>7- Fasting</b> 	Moses (PBUH) fasted for <u>forty days</u> by <u>neither eat nor drink</u> , he did <u>neither eat bread, nor drink</u> water: (Deuteronomy 9:9), (Exodus 34: 28). Earlier prophets also fasted, David (PBUH): (2 Samuel 12:22), Elijah (PBUH): (1 Kings 19:8), Ezra (PBUH): (Ezra 10:6), Daniel (PBUH): (Daniel 9:3). Special months of fasting were instituted during the Babylonian captivity of Judah: (Zechariah 8:19). A specific fast day: (Jeremiah 36:6). A precise month for fasting (the <u>ninth</u> month): (Jeremiah 36:9).  Jesus Christ (PBUH) <u>fulfilled</u> this law, and fasted for <u>forty days</u> by <u>neither eat nor drink</u> , afterward Jesus (PBUH) was <u>hungry</u> : (Matthew 4:2), (Matthew 6:16), (Matthew 17:21).  Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law.



Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>The way that Christians fast differs, some Christians abstain from solid food, others don't eat special foods as (meat, fish, chicken and eggs), some others don't drink special drinks as (milk and wine).</p> <p>Christians don't fast like Jesus (PBUH) by <u>neither eat nor drink</u> for a certain period of time, they do not taste <u>hunger</u> and <u>thirst</u>. Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims fast from dawn until dusk for the whole month of Ramadan (<u>ninth</u> lunar month) , abstaining from food, drink, sexual intercourse, smoking, backbiting, lying and some other pleasures. Muslims taste <u>hunger</u> and <u>thirst</u>, the fasting helps them to obey God, be more sensitive to the sufferings of others, develop self-discipline and appreciate their unity. The Noble Qur'an (2:183-185, 187, 196).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓



Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>8- A Messenger and a Prophet of God</b></p>	<p>Jesus (PBUH) asserted that he was <u>sent</u> by God, i.e. A <u>Messenger</u> of Almighty God: (John 7:16), (John 17:3), (John 5:30), (John 4:34), (John 6:38) and (John 11: 41-42). Jesus (PBUH) referred to himself as a <u>Prophet</u>: (Luke 13:33-34), others also called him a <u>Prophet</u>: (Luke 7:16), (Luke 24:17-22), (John 4:19), (John 6:14), (Matthew 21:11), (John 9:17). Jesus (PBUH) was referred to as a <u>servant</u> of God: (Acts 3:13), (Acts 4:27). Jesus (PBUH) was <u>sent</u> only for (the lost sheep of) the house of Israel and not to the Gentiles: (Matthew 10:5-6), (Matthew 15:24-27). Jesus (PBUH) was called "<u>the son of Man</u>": (Matthew 12:32), (Matthew 12:40), (Matthew 17:9), (John 6:27). Jesus (PBUH) was also described as 'a <u>man</u> approved by God': (Acts 2:22). This law was mentioned in the</p>



Old Testament: "God is not a man, that he should lie; neither the son of man, that he should repent..." (Numbers 23:19), God is not a man: (1Samuel 15:29), (Hosea 11:9).

The prayer of Jesus (PBUH) did not go unanswered, but was answered through the angel, which appeared, in order to strengthen him: (Luke 22:43). Jesus Christ (PBUH) fulfilled this law, he declared that he is a Messenger and a Prophet of God.

### Christians' way

Christians believe that Jesus is the second member of the Triune God, the son of the first part of the Triune God, and at the same time "fully" God in every respect. Christians believe that Jesus is "Divine" and God incarnate, have two natures, divine and human at the same time. The Christians' view that the mediator between God and man must be both man and deity and not only man as stated in: (1 Timothy 2:5).


Most Christians don't believe that Jesus (PBUH) was only a Messenger, a Prophet, a servant of God, and just a human being as asserted by Jesus (PBUH) himself. Christians do not follow the law fulfilled by Jesus (PBUH).

### Muslims' way

Muslims speak of both Jesus (PBUH) and his mother virgin Mary with reverence and respect. Muslims believe that Almighty God gave revelations not only to Abraham (PBUH) and Moses (PBUH), but also to Jesus (PBUH) and other prophets. Muslims believe that Jesus (PBUH) is one of God's holy messengers, he possessed knowledge and wisdom, was blessed, born without a father like Adam (PBUH). The miraculous birth of Jesus (PBUH) does not make him a fully God or a son of God or a "begotten" son of God. Qur'an calls Jesus (PBUH) is the Word of God "Be", this does not mean that Jesus is God or son of God. The Noble Qur'an (112:1-4), (5:73), (2,45), (2,48), (19:31-33).


Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓



<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>9- Submission to the Will of Almighty God (Islam)</b>  	<p>Jesus (PBUH) <u>Submitted</u> himself to the Will of Almighty God: (Luke 22:42), (Matthew 26:39), (Mark 14:36). The oldest translation of the Bible was in Greek language, submission to God was mentioned: (James 4:7), in Old Greek language: (Υποτάγητε οὖν τῷ Θεῷ) and in modern Greek language: (Υποταχθείτε, λοιπόν, στον Θεό), the English translation: <u>Submit</u> yourself therefore to God, i.e. "Become a Muslim".</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) worshiped Almighty God: (Luke 5:16), (Matthew 26:39), (Matthew 26:42), (Matthew 26:44). Jesus (PBUH) prayed and asked Almighty God for help even when he raised up Lazarus to life: (John 11:41-43). Jesus always expressed his <u>subordination</u> to Almighty God: (John 5:30), (John 14:31). Jesus Christ (PBUH) <u>fulfilled</u> this law, he submitted himself to God, i.e. Jesus (PBUH) declared his Islam.</p>

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Christians declared their allegiance to Jesus. Christians believe that one comes to God except through Jesus. i.e. Christians Submit their Wills to Jesus.</p> <p>Christians ignore that Jesus (PBUH) expressed his subordination to Almighty God, and <u>Submitted</u> all his Will to Almighty God.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims believe that all the Prophets from the beginning of the creation were Muslims: (Noah, Abraham, Jacob, Lot, Joseph, Moses, Solomon, Jesus) and the final Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon them) because they preached the same message, their religion was: "<u>Submission</u> to the Will of Almighty God". i.e. they declared their Islam. The Noble Qur'an (10:72), (2:128,132-133), (51:31-36), (12:101), (5:3, 44), (27:30-31, 38, 42, 44), (3:19-20, 52, 83), (40:66).</p>

<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>10- The name of Almighty God (the creator)</b> 	Jesus (PBUH) spoke the Aramaic language, the name of God in Aramaic in the standard script is (ܘܚܕܐ), and in the Estrangela script is (ܘܚܕܐ) and read Alah, in Arabic language the name of God is (الله) and read Allah. In Hebrew language one of the basic Hebrew words for God, is (אלה) and read Eloh, can easily be pronounced Alah without the diacritical marks, the suffix "im" of the word ( אֱלֹהִים ) "Eloh-im" is a plural of respect in the Hebrew Bible: (Genesis 1:1). According to the Bible, Jesus (PBUH) used these two words <u>ELI</u> : (Matthew 27:46) and <u>ELOI</u> : (Mark 15:34), these two words ELI and ELOI are derived from the word Eloh (אֱלֹהִי) in Hebrew, Elah or Allah in Arabic and doesn't sound like "Jehovah".

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
The name of God for the Arab Christians is Allah.  Christians do not use these names: Eloh (אֱלֹהִי) or Eli or Eloi or Allah (الله) as names of Almighty God. Christians do not follow the way of Jesus.	Muslims worship the same Almighty God of the prophets Noah, Abraham, Moses, David and Jesus (peace be upon them all).  The name of Almighty God is Allah. The Noble Qur'an (2:255), (59:22-24), (112:1-4).

<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>11- Monotheism</b>	None of the earlier prophets taught the doctrine of the Trinity. Rather, they proclaimed the Oneness of God. <b>verse 3 of Exodus</b> states, " <u>Thou shalt have no other gods before me.</u> " God's statements are simple, clear and free from contradiction and confusion. " <u>I am the LORD your God.</u> " All the earlier Prophets of Almighty God preached Monotheism, Moses (PBUH): (Exodus 3:14-15), (Exodus 20:2), (Genesis 17:1), (Exodus 20:3-



5), (Leviticus 19:3- 4). (Deuteronomy 6:13), (Exodus 18:11), (Deuteronomy 6:4-9), (Deuteronomy 45:23). David (PBUH): (Psalms 83:18, 104:1, 105:7, 118:27, 118:28), Solomon (PBUH): (Proverbs 9:10), (Ecclesiastes 12:13), Isaiah (PBUH): (Isaiah 45:19, 43:10-11, 44:6, 45:21-23, 40:28). "No one can see God, nor hear His voice": (Exodus 33:20). "God is not a man, that he should lie; neither the son of man, that he should repent...": (Numbers 23:19), God is not a man: (1Samuel 15:29), (Hosea 11:9).

Jesus (PBUH) said: "The most important commandment is this: 'Listen, O Israel! The LORD our God is the one and only LORD.'": (Mark:12:29). Jesus never said I am God worship me. He (PBUH) called people to pray, worship and serve only God: (Mark 14:32), (Luke 5:16), (John 17:3), (Matthew 4:10), (Luke 4:8), (Mark 12:28-29). Jesus (PBUH) said that No one is good except God alone: (Luke 18:18-19), (Mark 10:18), (Matthew 19:17). No one can see God, nor hear His voice: (John 5:37). The unity of God is reiterated: (James 4:12).

God does not change (James 1:17).

The disciples of Jesus (PBUH) accepted these teachings and had faith in the one true God. Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and fulfilled the Oneness of God law "the Monotheism law."

### Christians' way

Christians violate the first commandment law by worshipping Jesus as God or as son of God.

The First Council of Constantinople drew up a dogmatic statement on the Trinity and defined Holy Spirit as having the same divinity expressed for the Son by the Council of Nicaea 56 years earlier.

i.e. Two more Gods were added to Almighty God.

1-God the Father = the creator.

2-God the Son = the savior.

### Muslims' way

Muslims believe that all the prophets were sent by the same God, the Creator, to convey the same message: The true God is only ONE, Worship Him Alone and keep His commandments.

The Noble Qur'an (2:136), (7:59), (2:132), (21:25), (27:61), (27:63), (27:64), (1:1- 5), (2:225), (5:76), (20:8), (59:23).

The Noble Qur'an 112 emphasized and explained the Monotheism law:

Say, "He is Allah , [who is] One, (1)

3-God the Holy spirit = the counselor.

Christians deviated away from the Monotheism law, they elevated Jesus (PBUH) too high to the rank of God.

Christians do not follow the Monotheism law fulfilled by Jesus (PBUH).

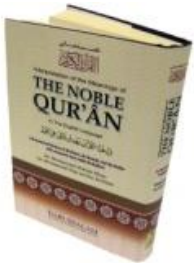
Allah , the Eternal Refuge. (2)  
 He neither begets nor is born, (3)  
 Nor is there to Him any equivalent." (4).

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

**Comparison**

**The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH)  
 Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.**

**12- Sons of God**



The use of the phrase "sons of God" does not in itself imply deity and was a common phrase among Jews who called themselves "children of God" or "sons of God". The phrase "son of God" in the Bible was not limited only to Jesus. The Bible told us that God has many sons!. Jacob: (Exodus 4:22), Solomon: (2 Samuel 7:13-14), Ephraim: (Jeremiah 31:9), Adam (Luke 3:38), even common people were called "sons of God": (Deuteronomy 14:1), (Genesis 6:2), (Genesis 6:4), (Psalm 29:1), (Job 38:7), (Job 2:1), (Job 1:6).


Jesus (PBUH) spoke of "the peace makers" as "sons of God". In the Jewish tradition, any person who follows the Will of God was called the "son of God": (Genesis 6:2,4), (Exodus 4:22), (Jeremiah 31:9), (Psalms 2:7), (Luke 3:38), (Romans 8:14), (John 6:35). i.e. If Jesus said in the Bible that he is the "son of God", this does not elevate him to the rank of Almighty God.

Jesus (PBUH) never said "I am God worship me". he (PBUH) carefully followed the earlier prophets and fulfilled this law.

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Christians worship Jesus the Son of the first part of the Triune God, they consider Jesus (PBUH) "fully" God in every respect.</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) himself refuted the trinity deception and never really praised it in the Bible. He even worshiped GOD Almighty Himself!</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Almighty God (Allah) never beget any son, any daughter, any wife. Almighty God doesn't need a son nor a wife to help Him in anything. He is the Absolute, One, Living True King.</p> <p>Almighty God corrected the Jews' and Christians' "Son of God" misunderstanding.</p> <p>"And they say: "(God) Most Gracious has begotten offspring." Glory to Him! they are (but) servants raised to honour." (The Noble Quran, 21:26)</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p>13- Salvation &amp; Savior</p> 	<p>Forgiving the sins is restricted <u>only</u> to Almighty God: (Isaiah 43:25), (Isaiah 44:22), (Isaiah 33:22), (Isaiah 64:9), (Jeremiah 31:34), (Ezekiel 18:22), (Ezekiel 33:16), (Micah 7:18), (Micah 7:19). Almighty God is the <u>only Savior</u>: (Jude 1:25), (Deuteronomy 32:15), (2 Samuel 22:3), (2 Samuel 22:47), (1 Chronicles 16:35), (Psalms 17:7), (Psalms 18:46), (Psalms 24:5), (Psalms 25:5), (Psalms 27:9), (Psalms 38:22), (Psalms 42:5), (Psalms 42:11), (Psalms 43:5), (Psalms 65:5), (Psalms 68:19), (Psalms 79:9), (Psalms 85:4), (Psalms 89:26), (Psalms 106:21), (Isaiah 17:10), (Isaiah 19:20), (Isaiah 43:3), (Isaiah 43:11), (Isaiah 45:15), (Isaiah 45:21-22), (Isaiah 49:26), (Isaiah 60:16), (Jeremiah 14:8), (Hosea 13:4), (Micah 7:7), (Habakkuk 3:18). The phrase "Savior" in the Bible is <u>not</u> limited only to Jesus. The Bible told us that some other individuals were also given this title "<u>Savior</u>" <u>without being gods!</u>. Jehoash the son of Jehoahaz: (2 Kings 13:5), Othniel the son of Kenaz: (Judges 3:9), Ehud the son of Gera: (Judges 3:15).</p>

Salvation according to Jesus (PBUH) is through sticking only to the commandments of Almighty God: (Mathew 19:16-17).  
 Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and fulfilled this law.

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Christians believe in their <u>Salvation</u> through Jesus, they believe in his <u>Divinity</u> and his crucifixion, and that Jesus bought their forgiveness when he died on the cross.            Christians believe that Jesus is their <u>Savior</u>, and will forgive their mistakes and sins.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims believe that Almighty God (Allah) is their <u>Salvation</u>, He is their <u>Savior</u> in this world and in the day of Judgment. Muslims believe that no one is responsible for the mistakes of others. The Noble Qur'an (6:164).            Muslims also believe that Almighty God rescued prophet Jesus (PBUH) from crucifixion, and that he was neither killed nor crucified. The Noble Qur'an (4:157).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<p><b>14- Omniscience</b></p> 	<p>Jesus (PBUH) denied "omniscience" knowledge of the unseen and the day of Judgment: (Mark 13:32), (Matthew 24:36).</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Christians attribute "omniscience" to Jesus. Jesus (PBUH) denied his "omniscience".            Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Almighty God has perfect knowledge. Muslims believe in the omniscience of Allah, He knows the past and the future. The Noble Qur'an (49:18)</p>



Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>15- Miracles</b> 	<p>Jesus (PBUH) and the earlier Prophets performed different awesome miracles, these extraordinary events were only done <u>by the permission of Almighty God</u>. Moses: (Exodus 14:22), Elisha (PBUH): (2 Kings 4:44) , (2 Kings 5:14), (2 Kings 6:17&amp;20), (2 Kings 4:34), (2 Kings 13:21), Elijah (PBUH): (1 Kings 17:22), Jesus (PBUH): (Luke 9:10-17), (John 6:16-24), (Mark 6:45-52), (Matthew 14:22-33).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) did not act on his own, he said in (John 5:30): "<u>By myself I can do nothing</u>; I judge only as I hear, and my judgment is just, for I seek not to please myself but him <u>who sent me</u>, also in (John 8:28) "...I do <u>nothing of myself</u>; but as my Father has taught me, I speak these things." These verses do not imply <u>omnipotence</u>. Jesus (PBUH) lessened himself, and made himself inferior to Almighty God. Jesus (PBUH) <u>fulfilled</u> this law.</p>

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Christians consider the awesome miracles performed by the earlier Prophets as evidences of their <u>Prophethood</u> and were done by the <u>permission of Almighty God</u>, meanwhile they consider the awesome miracles performed by Jesus (PBUH) as evidences of his <u>Divinity</u>.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law fulfilled by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims believe that Almighty God supported His Prophets such as: Abraham, Moses, David, Solomon, Jesus, and Muhammad (peace be upon them) with miracles, that are usually of the same nature that the people of that particular prophet excelled at, these miracles were only done <u>by the permission of Almighty God</u>. In the Noble Qur'an. the name of Jesus (PBUH) has 25 Occurrences, the name of his mother Virgin Mary has 34 Occurrences, while the name Muhammad (PBUH) has 3 Occurrences and Ahmad 1 occurrence.</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>16- Greetings</b>  	David (PBUH) greeted the people by saying "Shalom aleichem" which means in Hebrew language "Peace be upon you": (1 Samuel 25:6). Jesus (PBUH) <u>followed</u> this tradition, and also greeted in the same way by saying "Peace be upon you": (John 20:19), (John 20:21), (John 20:26), (Luke 24:36). Jesus (PBUH) <u>fulfilled</u> this tradition.

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
Christians don't greet each other by saying "Peace be upon you".  Christians do not follow this tradition <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).	Muslims greet each other by saying: "as-Salāmu 'alaykum" which means in Arabic language "Peace be upon you". The Noble Qur'an (6:54), (7:46), (11:48), (13:24) (39:73), (11:69), (14:23), (36:58), (97:5).

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>17- Alcoholic drinks</b> 	<p>The earlier Prophets' abstained from Alcoholic drinks. Moses (PBUH): (Numbers 6:1-4), Solomon (PBUH): (Proverbs 20:1).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law.</p> <p>Regarding the "miracle of turning water into wine" it is found only in the Gospel of (John 2:1-11), which consistently contradicts the other three Gospels. The New Testament scholars have expressed doubt about the authenticity of this incident.</p>

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Many Christians drink different types of Alcoholic drinks, they ignore parts of God's word on the assumption that not all of it applies to them.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>It is a common knowledge among Muslims that Alcoholic drinks are absolutely forbidden, because it affects negatively their relationship with Almighty God, and could also lead to many negative issues, such as health and social problems. The Noble Qur'an (5:90).</p>


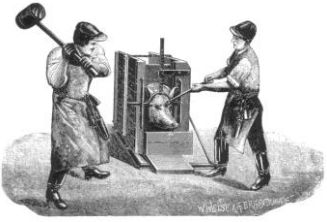
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>



<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>18- Pork</b> 	<p>Moses (PBUH) did not eat pork following the prohibition mentioned in: (Leviticus 11: 7-8) and (Deuteronomy 14:8).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law: (Matthew 5:17-18), (Luke 24:44).</p>


Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Many Christians eat pork, they ignore parts of God's word on the assumption that not all of it applies to them, Christian scholars interpreted the Pauline statements and discussion about vegetarianism in (Romans 14:2-3) so as to grant permission to eat ritual impurities.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims don't eat pork and its products because it is forbidden.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an (5:3), (2:173).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>19- Slaughtering of animals</b></p>  	<p>The Hebrew term "Shechita" is the ritual slaughter of mammals and birds according to Jewish dietary laws: (Deuteronomy 12:21), (Deuteronomy 14:21), (Numbers 11:22).</p> <p>The ritual slaughterer Bless God, and mention the Sovereign of the universe God's name alone, no idol's names are pronounced. The animal must be killed "with respect and compassion" by a ritual slaughterer, the act is performed by severing the trachea, esophagus, carotid arteries, jugular veins in a swift action using an extremely sharp blade. This results in an instant drop in blood pressure in the brain and the irreversible expiration of consciousness. At the end of the slaughtering process the meat becomes fit for consumption, called in Hebrew language "Kosher". It was stated in Acts 15:20 "But that we write to them, that they abstain...from things <u>strangled</u>, and from <u>blood</u>." Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> these slaughtering rules.</p> <p><u>Is slaughtering cruel?</u> This claim was examined through the use of EEG and ECG records during slaughter.</p>


Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Before slaughtering some Christians mention the names of God in the Holy Trinity, others mention the name of Jesus Christ as a second member of the Triune God, others do not mention <u>any</u> name. Some Slaughtering companies <u>strangle</u> the animals to keep <u>blood</u> in the meat, this action was prohibited in (<b>Acts 15:20</b>), some other companies kill their animals by Captive bolt guns or applying strong Electric shock which incapacitates the animals.</p> <p>The EEG readings indicated <u>severe pain</u>.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the slaughtering rules mentioned in their Bible.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>There are many conditions for an Islamic slaughtering method (Zabiha), the main conditions are as follows: 1) The slaughterer must be a Muslim. 2) Making "Takbeer" at the time of slaughtering the animal, i.e. saying "Allahu Akbar" which means Almighty God (Allah) is Great. 3) that the throat, windpipe and jugular veins are cut. The meat becomes fresh for a longer time due to deficiency of blood and lawful for consumption, in Arabic it is called "Halal".</p> <p>The EEG recorded a zero reading, indicating <u>no pain at all</u>.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an (22:34), (6:121), (5:3), (2:173).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>20- Eating meat with blood in it</b></p> 	<p>The earlier prophets instructed their people not to eat any flesh with the blood in it, Noah (PBUH): (<b>Genesis 9:3-4</b>), Moses (PBUH): (<b>Leviticus 19:26</b>), (<b>Leviticus 17:10-14</b>), (<b>Deuteronomy 12:16,23</b>).</p> <p>It was stated in <b>Acts 15:20</b> "But that we write to them, that they abstain...from things <u>strangled</u>, and from <u>blood</u>."</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law.</p>


Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Christians may eat meat with blood in it (example: rare steaks), however it was prohibited in (Acts 15:20), (Acts 15:29). Christians believe that this rule was relaxed by early churches.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>In Islam it is forbidden to eat Meat that contains blood in it.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an (6:145), (2:173), (5:3).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>21- Veiled women</b></p> 	<p>Veiled women lived around Jesus (PBUH) and the earlier Prophets . (Genesis 24: 64-65), (1 Corinthians 11:5-6).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) never considered Veil as an old ritual or a cultural rule that is no longer binding.</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law: (Matthew 5:17-18), (Luke 24:44).</p>


Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Now days most of the Christian women are not veiled, do no guard their modesty, and display their beauty. Veil is seen as an old ritual and a cultural rule that is no longer binding. Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>The majority of Muslim women are veiled, guard their modesty, do not display their beauty.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an (24:31), (33: 59).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>22- PURITY Washing the entire body</b>  	<p>Moses (PBUH) commanded the laws in (<b>Leviticus eleven</b>), (<b>Leviticus 12</b>), and (<b>Deuteronomy fourteen</b>). for purity (tohoRAH) / impurity (tumAH).</p> <p>David (PBUH) <u>washed</u> to be clean and went to the house of the LORD and worshiped : (<b>2 Samuel 12:20</b>), Elisha (PBUH): (<b>2 Kings 5:10,14</b>).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) didn't abolish or oppose the purity/impurity laws. Jesus (PBUH) answered, "A person who has had a <u>bath</u> needs <u>only</u> to wash his feet; <u>his whole body is clean</u>. And you are clean, ..." (<b>John 13:10</b>).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) didn't reject any contemporary ritual impurity regulations. The New Testament showed that the practice of washing the body (ritual purity and its spiritual, moral and ethical counterpart) with pure water was continued by the followers of Jesus (PBUH): (<b>Hebrews 10:22</b>). Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law.</p>

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Now days Many Christian do not follow the purity/impurity <b>Leviticus laws</b>. <u>For example</u>, men and their wives after their sexual intercourse, men after the seminal discharge, women in their monthly period can enter the churches and pray normally without washing their body for purity. This action was based on <b>Paul's Epistles: (1 Thessalonians 5:16-18)</b> "Pray without ceasing". However, this verse simply means "always remember God", it does <u>not</u> mean "Pray while you are pure and/or impure"! Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>There are many Islamic laws for purity (taharah) / impurity (najasah). <u>For example</u>: men and their wives after their sexual intercourse, men after the seminal discharge, women in their monthly period can't enter the Mosque and pray until they are completely purified and shower their whole body for purity. In Islam menstruation is neither "the curse" nor a result of the so-called original sin of Eve. The Noble Qur'an (2:222). Islam provided <u>divine guidance</u> both from Almighty God (Allah) and Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) by which a person could "always remember God."</p>

<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>





<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<b>23 Polygamy</b> 	<p>Polygamous marriages occurred among the Prophets before Jesus (PBUH). Abraham (PBUH) had three wives: (<a href="#">Genesis. 25:1</a>) and concubines: (<a href="#">Genesis. 25:6</a>). Jacob (PBUH) had 2 wives and 2 concubines: (<a href="#">Genesis 30:3,9</a>). Moses (PBUH) had two wives: (<a href="#">Exodus 2:21</a>), (<a href="#">Exodus 18:1-6</a>), (<a href="#">Numbers 12:1</a>). David (PBUH) had eight wives who were named in the Bible, but there were numerous other wives that were not named and more than ten concubines: (<a href="#">1 Chronicles 3:1-9</a>), (<a href="#">2 Samuel 15:16</a>), (<a href="#">2 Samuel 16:21-22</a>), (<a href="#">2 Samuel 20:3</a>). Solomon (PBUH) had 700 wives, princesses and 300 concubines (<a href="#">1 Kings 11:3</a>).</p> <p>Jesus never opposed or discussed the issue of the decreasing the number of wives and concubines. Jesus (PBUH) followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law. According to Father Eugene Hillman that the Church in Rome banned polygamy in order to conform to Greco-Roman culture which prescribed only one legal wife while tolerating concubinage and prostitution. (<a href="#">Polygamy Reconsidered, p:140</a>).</p>

<b>Christians' way</b>	<b>Muslims' way</b>
<p>Many Christians make a great show of monogamy, but actually they practice polygamy, such as mistresses. It is now very usual to find in the Christian societies sexual relations outside of marriage, unlawful secret relationships &amp; adultery.</p> <p>The problem of the unbalanced sex ratios becomes a problem at times of war. polygamy continues to be a viable solution to some of the social ills of modern societies. Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus.</p>	<p>Islam has permitted polygamy as a solution to social ills and has allowed a certain degree of latitude to human nature but only within the strictly defined framework of the law, (maximum of four wives at one time) and stipulated the maintenance of justice as a basic condition for polygamy.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an (4: 3).</p>

<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?</b>	
<b>Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?</b>	✓





<p><b>Comparison</b></p>	<p><b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b></p>
<p><b>24- Bowing down to Idols Graven Images, statues, Crosses...</b></p>    <p>Pagan influence introduced the cross as a symbol</p> 	<p>The earlier prophets (peace be upon them) prohibited all kinds of idolatry such as graven images, statues, icons, idols, no image of any male or female inside their shrines and Temples, they also prohibited bowing down to them. Almighty God called himself "<u>a jealous God</u>". Moses (PBUH): (Exodus 23:24), (Exodus 20:4-5), (Exodus 34:7), (Exodus 34:14), (Deuteronomy 5:6-9), (Deuteronomy 4:24), (Deuteronomy 5:9), David (PBUH): (Psalm 94:1), Joshua (PBUH): (Joshua 23:7), (Joshua 24:19), Elijah (PBUH): (1 Kings 19:10), Ezekiel (PBUH): (Ezekiel 20:7), (Ezekiel 39:25), (Ezekiel 39:25), Nahum: (Nahum 1:2).</p> <p>The earlier prophets (peace be upon them) prohibited <u>bowing down before graven images or serveing idols</u>. Moses (PBUH): (Exodus 20:3-5), (Deuteronomy 4:15-19), (Leviticus 26:1), (Exodus 32:7-8), David (PBUH): (Psalms 135:15-18), Isaiah (PBUH): (Isaiah 44:9), (Isaiah 2:17-18), and Ezekiel: (Ezekiel 30:13).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law: (Matthew 5:17-18), (Luke 24:44), (1 John 5:21), (Acts 17:28-29), (Revelation 2:14), (Revelation 2:20), (Revelation 21:8), (Revelation 22:15).</p> <p>N.B. The shape of the Cross had its origin in ancient Chaldea, it was used as the symbol of the god Tammuz (T is the initial of his name) ... In order to increase the prestige of the apostate ecclesiastical pagans were received into the churches apart from regeneration by faith, and were permitted largely to retain their pagan signs and symbols. Hence the T, in its most frequent form, with the cross-piece lowered, was adopted to stand for the "cross" of Christ. (Vine's Expository Dictionary of New Testament Words), Copyright © 1985, Thomas Nelson Publishers). So as the above indicates, pagan influence slowly introduced the cross as a symbol, which later became adopted by the Greco-Romans.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Churches have many types of idols, such as: portrays, graven images of God, statues of the Blessed Mother Mary, Angels, Jesus</p>	<p>In Islam it is not permissible to pray in a room in which statues or images of animate beings are hanging. There are several sayings</p>

hanging on the cross, and icons of saints, graven images, images of males and females, pigeons, fishes...etc.

Christians kneel down in front of the cross, they bow down before images and statues that humans made and serve them. Some Christians wear crosses as "a symbol of their beliefs.

Christians violate the second Divine command of the Ten Commandments: (Exodus 20:3-5). Christians do not follow this law fulfilled by Jesus (PBUH).

(Ahadith) of the Prophet (PBUH) such as:

1- "The angels do not enter a house in which there is a dog or images." (Agreed upon).

2- "...The people who will be most severely punished on the Day of Resurrection will be those who imitate the creation of Allah." (Agreed upon).

The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) destroyed 360 idols around the Kaaba that were worshiped by pre-Islam people.

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>25- Adultery</b></p> <p><b>Adultery is a sin against God</b></p>	<p>It was stated in (Hebrews 13:4) that marriage should be honored by all, and the marriage bed kept pure, for God will judge the adulterer and all the sexually immoral. Adultery was forbidden "<u>You shall not commit adultery</u>" (Adultery occurred in the Bible 49 times in different forms). (Exodus 20:14), (Leviticus 20:10), (Deuteronomy 5:18), (Psalms 51:1), (Proverbs 6:32), (Jeremiah 3:6), (Jeremiah 3:8), (Jeremiah 3:9), (Jeremiah 5:7), (Jeremiah 7:9), (Jeremiah 23:14), (Jeremiah 29:23), (Ezekiel 16:32), (Ezekiel 16:38), (Ezekiel 23:27), (Ezekiel 23:37), (Ezekiel 23:43), (Ezekiel 23:45), (Hosea 1:2), (Hosea 2:2), (Hosea 2:4), (Hosea 4:2), (Hosea 4:13), (Hosea 4:14), (Hosea 4:15), (Hosea 7:4), (Matthew 5:27), (Matthew 5:28), (Matthew 5:32), (Matthew 15:19), (Matthew 19:9), (Matthew 19:18), (Mark 7:21), (Mark 10:11), (Mark 10:12), (Mark 10:19), (Luke 16:18), (Luke 18:20), (John 8:3), (John 8:4), (Romans 2:22), (Romans 13:9), (Galatians 5:19), (James 2:11), (2 Peter 2:14), (Revelation 2:22), (Revelation 17:2), (Revelation 18:3), (Revelation 18:9).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Many Christians believe that God will not exercise judgment because Jesus Christ is their Savior, they permit sexual relations outside of marriage, adultery, fornication, secret relationships with the opposite sex,...etc.</p> <p>Many Christians forgot that adultery is a sin against God, and they do not follow the law fulfilled by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Muslims are very keen to make Islamic marriage, because Islam does not permit sexual relations outside of marriage, adultery, fornication,...etc. These are considered as Great sins.</p> <p>The Noble Qur'an (24:3-4), (17:32), (7:33), (24:26).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>26- PURITY</b> <b>Circumcision</b></p> 	<p>Circumcision is not based on Mosaic legislation but on the Abrahamic covenant: (Genesis 12:1-3). The Prophet Abraham and his descendents were circumcised (the everlasting covenant): (Genesis 17:1-2). Failure to be circumcised constitutes a <u>breaking</u> of covenant with God: (Genesis 17:14). Circumcision is an absolute prerequisite for participation in the observance of Passover: (Exodus 12:44,48). The general legislation was repeated in (Leviticus 12:3). Exodus 4:26 mentioned the circumcision of Moses' son. Joshua five reported the circumcision before entering the promised land. In Genesis 34:15 it was prohibited for a guardian to consent to the marrying of a believer woman to an uncircumcised man.</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) kept the "everlasting covenant" and was circumcised: (Luke 2: 21), Luke 1:59 (Romans 2:29). Jesus spoke about circumcision in John 7:22-23 . Jesus carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this religious law.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>In general male Christians are not circumcised because of Paul's false interpretation who claimed that circumcision is a matter of the heart, by the spirit: (Romans 2:29). Paul said that "Christ will profit you nothing if you are circumcised": (Galatians 5:2), "...what value is there in circumcision?...":(Romans 3:1-2).</p> <p>In 1 Corinthians 7:18-19 Paul makes the same point more briefly Circumcision is nothing. Christians do not follow the law fulfilled by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>As a general practice all male Muslims are circumcised, because It was the practice of Prophet Abraham (Ibrahim) (PBUH), also it was the practice (Sunnah) of our beloved Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓




Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p>27- Usury</p> 	<p>The Biblical term for usury, "Neshek", is strongly negative, coming from a root whose basic meaning is to strike as a serpent.</p> <p>The earlier Prophets opposed taking or giving Usury: (Deuteronomy 23:19,20), (Leviticus 25:36-37), (Exodus 22:25), (Ezekiel 18:8-9), (Ezekiel 18:13), (Ezekiel 18:17), (Ezekiel 22:12), (Psalm 15:1-5), (Jeremiah 15:10).</p> <p>Jesus (PBUH) opposed taking or giving Usury: (Matthew 25:27) and (Luke 19:22-23). Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and fulfilled this law: (Matthew 5:17-18), (Luke 24:44).</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Now days many Christians are not aware that taking or giving usury is a sin.</p> <p>Christians do not follow the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>The Arabic term for usury, "Reba", coming from a root meaning to increase. Muslims developed an alternative system of banking commonly known as "Islamic Banking" which is interest free to avoid taking or giving Usury. The Noble Qur'an (2: 275, 276, 278), (3:130), (4:161).</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

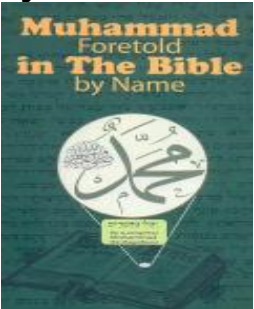


Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>28- Beard and Long Dress</b></p> 	<p>The earlier Prophets were bearded: (Psalm 133:2), (Isaiah 50:6), (Ezra 9:3). The Mosaic Law prohibited the cutting off of the sideburns and the 'extremity of the beard': (Leviticus 19:27), (Leviticus 21:5). Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this law.</p> <p>Moses (PBUH) and Aaron wore long dress Garments: (Numbers 15:38), (Leviticus 16:23), (Exodus 29:29), (Exodus 29:5), (Exodus 28:2), (Exodus 31:10). Jesus (PBUH) also wore long dress robe: (Matthew 9:20-22), (Luke 8:43-48) and (Mark 6:56). Jesus (PBUH) carefully followed and <u>fulfilled</u> this tradition.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>It is rare now days to find male Christians wearing long dresses/robes similar to Jesus (PBUH), some grow their beard as a fashion. Christians do not follow the tradition and the law <u>fulfilled</u> by Jesus (PBUH).</p>	<p>Many Muslims are bearded, because they follow the practice (Sunnah) of the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH). The majority of Muslims are dressed in a modest way and many of them wear long dresses.</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓



<b>Comparison</b>	<b>The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.</b>
<p><b>29- Muhammad Foretold in The old Testament by Name</b></p> 	<p>In <b>Solomon's Song of Songs (Shir ha-Shirim, 5:16)</b>, the word <b>מְהַמְדִים</b> is read in the original form as <b>Ma·ha·mad·dim</b>; in the Hebrew language 'im' is added for plurality of respect, the <u>word origin</u> of <b>מְהַמְדִים</b> is from "<b>hamad</b>" which in both Hebrew and Arabic languages is verb praise, desire and it is the prime root of the Arabic word ( مُحَمَّدٌ ) which is read as <b>Muhammad</b>.</p> <p>If <b>Mahammad מְהַמְדִים</b> was a random word, without a meaning, then why it was translated to "<b>lovely</b>" or "<b>desirable</b>"? <b>Hence Mahammad מְהַמְדִים was translated wrongly and has an incorrect meaning!</b></p> <p>If you watch this video <b>Song of Solomon 5:16</b> read in Hebrew: <a href="http://youtube.com/watch?v=3YsA45CuvFk">youtube.com/watch?v=3YsA45CuvFk</a> , then you will hear a Hebrew <b>Rabbi</b> reading this word as <b>Mahammad-im</b>.</p> <p><b>According to Strong's Concordance</b>  <b>Original Word:</b> <b>מְהַמְדִים</b>  <b>Part of Speech:</b> <b>Noun Masculine</b></p> <p>Then why the <b>noun masculine מְהַמְדִים</b> was translated wrongly as an <b>adjective ("lovely" and "desirable")?</b></p> <p>If you <u>copy</u> this Hebrew word <b>מְהַמְדִים</b> and <u>paste</u> in the translation web sites: <a href="http://www.freetranslation.com">http://www.freetranslation.com</a>, and <a href="http://www.worldlingo.com">http://www.worldlingo.com</a> then you will find that the word <b>מְהַמְדִים</b> is translated to <b>Muhammad</b>.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>Jews will say this word in Hebrew מְחַמְדִּים is discussing Solomon (PBUH), while Christians will say it is discussing Jesus (PBUH). The <u>Biblical</u> translation of the verse as follows: "His mouth is most sweet: yea, he is altogether lovely. This is my beloved, and this is my friend, O daughters of Jerusalem."</p>	<p>The correct translation for (Song of Songs, 5:16) should be as follows: "His mouth is most sweet: yea, he is altogether <u>Muhammad</u>. This is my beloved, and this is my friend, O daughters of Jerusalem."</p>

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓



Comparison	The way of Jesus Christ (PBUH) Following the earlier Prophets and Fulfilling their Laws.
<p><b>30- Muslims mentioned in the Bible</b></p> <p>אין תלמיד נעלה על רבו; שכן כל אדם שמשלם יהיה פרבו.</p>	<p>The name "<b>Meshullam</b>" in Hebrew מְשַׁלֵּם was very common in post-exilic times, it has 25 Occurrences in the Bible. In (Luke 6:40) of the Hebrew Bible, Jesus (PBUH) used this word משלם and its transliteration is "<b>She-Mushlam</b>". The word origin of these two Hebrew words "<b>Meshullam</b>" and "<b>Mushlam</b>" is from "<b>Shalam</b>" שָׁלַם , and the word origin of this Arabic word مُسْلِمٌ "<b>Muslim</b>" is from "<b>Salima</b>" سَلِمَ . In both Hebrew and Arabic languages "<b>Shalam</b>" and "<b>Salima</b>", have the same meanings "To be in a covenant of peace, peaceful Obedience, , submission to God, to be complete, "perfect heart" towards God. This means that <b>Mushlam</b> means <b>Muslim</b>.</p>

Christians' way	Muslims' way
<p>The Hebrew word משלם " She-Mushlam" was translated to "perfect".</p> <p>The <u>Biblical</u> translation of the verse in (Luke 6:40) as follows: "The disciple is not above</p>	<p>The correct translation for the Hebrew word משלם "She-Mushlam" is Muslim.</p> <p>The correct translation for the verse in (Luke 6:40) as follows: "The disciple is not above</p>

his master: but every one that is perfect shall be as his master."

his master: but every one that is Muslim shall be as his master."

Was Jesus (PBUH) a Christian?	
Was Jesus (PBUH) a Muslim?	✓

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## Conclusion

1- Jesus (PBUH) followed and fulfilled the earlier Prophets' laws and was a Muslim, his religion was Islam.

2- If you are not following the laws fulfilled by Jesus Christ (PBUH), then **WHY** do you call yourself **Christ-ian**?, actually you should call yourself **Church-ian** or **Paul-ian** or whomever you follow.

3- If you are interested to follow the Muslims' way, then you can visit our site: [www.islamic-invitation.com](http://www.islamic-invitation.com)

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## References

- 1- The Noble Qur'an.
- 2- Multilingual translations of the Bible.
- 3- The Torah.
- 4- Authentic websites in comparative religions.